Consultation with parents

Sex Education curriculum at Holmer Lake

Wednesday 29th June 2022





Introduced in September 2021

Relationships Education,
Relationships and Sex Education (RSE)
and Health Education

Statutory guidance for governing bodies, proprietors, head teachers, principals, senior leadership teams, teachers

Primary Schools ONLY

Secondary Schools ONLY

BOTH

We teach the statutory curriculum for Relationships and Health through our Healthy Bodies, Healthy Minds lessons

These are taught weekly.

Healthy Bodies, Healthy Minds

What is Healthy Bodies, Healthy Minds?

Healthy Bodies, Healthy Minds is where we learn how to be healthy, happy, safe, and able to manage the challenges and opportunities of modern Britain.



Healthy Bodies, Healthy Minds

Term	Healthy Bodies Healthy Minds Lesson themes	Statutory Curriculum Relationships Education	Statutory Curriculum Health Education
Autumn 1 Healthy and Happy Friendships		Caring Friendships	
		Respectful Relationships	
		Being Safe	
Autumn 2	E Safety / Anti Bullying Week	Online Relationships	Internet Safety and Harms
		Being Safe	
Spring 1	Similarities and Differences	Respectful Relationships	Mental wellbeing
Spring 2	Caring and Responsibility	Families and People Who Care for Me Being Safe Respectful Relationships	Mental wellbeing
Summer 1	Families and Committed	Families and People Who Care for Me	
	Relationships	Respectful Relationships	
		Being Safe	
Summer 2	Healthy Lifestyles		Physical Health and Fitness
	Coping with Change		Mental wellbeing
			Healthy Eating
			Health and Prevention



Science Y1

Animals Including Humans

identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.

Science Y5

Living Things and their habitats

Describe the differences in life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird.

Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals.

Animals Including Humans

Describe the changes as humans develop to old age

The changes experienced in puberty.

DFE Guidelines...

• The Department of Education continues to recommend that all primary schools should have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils. It should ensure that both boys and girls are prepared for the changes that adolescence brings and – drawing on knowledge of the human life cycle set out in the national curriculum for science - how a baby is conceived and born.

The following presentation outlines the Sex Education programme that will be taught to single age group groups (and in some cases single sex groups) from Monday 11^{th} July 2022.

Creating a safe and secure environment for learning – additional support.

- Children are reminded to be respectful of others.
- Sometimes we might feel embarrassed this is normal.
- Sometimes we might have questions or worries that we don't want to say in front of the class.
- Reminders about adults they trust to talk to.

Year 1: Amazing bodies Lesson 1 — Choices and Challenges

Say what I like and dislike about being touched.

Talk about why people who look after and care for us might touch us.

Say what I should do if I feel uncomfortable about being touched.

Identify parts of my body that is OK to be touched.

Identify parts of my body that someone should ask permission to be touched.



Year 1: Amazing bodies Lesson 1 — Choices and Challenges

Exercises I. Car wash

Ask pupils to stand in two lines facing each other – they are brushes in a car wash.

Ask for a volunteer to go through the car wash. As they walk through everyone pats them gently. Once they reach the end they join the line and another pupil goes through the car wash.

Discuss how it felt to go through the car wash – were the pats nice, gentle, rough, uncomfortable? Explore and discuss reactions in some detail. Was it a nice or nasty experience?

Then ask them to think about themselves as the patters – did they know if the volunteer was happy with their pat, how would they know?

2. Caring for pets

Using a real pet or picture ask pupils 'how do we care for a pet?'

Discuss different needs, include physical, social and emotional needs.

Identify not all pets like the same things, e.g. food, and physical contact i.e. some don't like to be stroked or cuddled or only at certain times, not when eating or in a certain way not around the tail.

People who care for us

Identify all the different people who care and look after us – make a chart. Use posters and stickers from Stonewall 'different families - same love' to support activity.

Identify people in and outside family who help, e.g. school nurse, doctors, football coach, neighbour, caretaker, dinnertime supervisors, teachers, other children, friends etc.

Discuss the fact that these people touch us in order to help us, comfort us or look after us and help us to look after ourselves. However, if anyone touches us and we don't feel comfortable or we are asked to keep it a secret, if it makes us feel unhappy, sad or confused we must tell someone. This helps us keep ourselves and others safe. We will not be told off, we have done nothing wrong.

Introduce the idea of 'bad touch' 'good touch'.

Year 1: Amazing bodies

Lesson 1 — Choices and Challenges

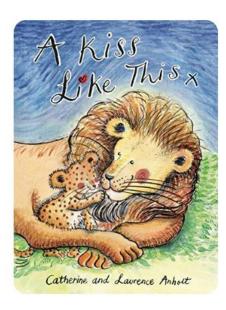
5. Body outline Draw around a body

Pupils identify places where it is ok to touch someone if playing games, showing affection or comforting someone.

These are ok, safe touches, Identify places which are private and should not be touched without your consent and permission.

Introduce the idea of touching on private parts or unwanted touch, which you do not like, or want. Make distinction between things like having injection on the bottom and someone touching your body or showing you affection if you are alone with them and it makes you unhappy, sad or confused.





When Little Cub is born, Big Golden Lion can't stop kissing him. Little Cub is very happy until Mean Green Hungry Crocodile comes along and he doesn't fancy a "snippy, snappy crocodile kiss". Big Golden Lion persuades him that a kiss from Big Golden Lion is just the thing.

Year 1: Amazing bodies Lesson 2

Healthy bodies, healthy minds

Private body parts



- the correct words to describe the private parts of our bodies
- how people's bodies look similar and different.

What does 'private' mean?

Which parts of our bodies are private?

When is it OK to talk about private parts, or show someone your private parts?

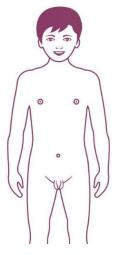
Private places

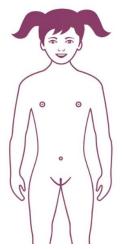






What are our private parts?





Year 1: Amazing bodies Lesson 2



In this animation, a class learns the names of our private parts, and why it is important to use the correct names at school.

Most boys' bodies have:

- a penis: this is a tube between their legs where wee comes out.
- testicles: these are two ball-shaped parts which are in a sack of skin behind the penis.

Most girls' bodies have:

- a vulva: this is the area on the outside of the body between their legs. Inside the vulva is
 a small hole where wee comes out.
- a vagina: this is a tube inside the vulva which leads to the inside of the body.

Both boys' bodies and girls' bodies have:

a bottom: this is the part where poo comes out.

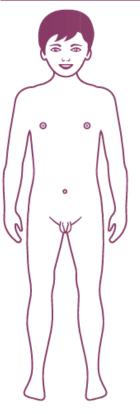
Year 1: Amazing bodies Lesson 2

- Is it OK for someone to show his/her (insert genital name) to another child? (Note: when
 discussing this one, acknowledge that some children may share a bath with a sibling, or
 be naked at home and that that is ok. However, it wouldn't be appropriate within a
 school setting or in public.)
- Is it OK for someone to ask to see someone else's (insert genital name)?
- Is it OK for someone to shout (insert genital name) in the supermarket?
- Is it OK for someone to show their private parts to their trusted grown-up at home or a doctor if they feel poorly, or if something doesn't feel right?
- Is it OK for someone to touch someone else's (insert genital name)?

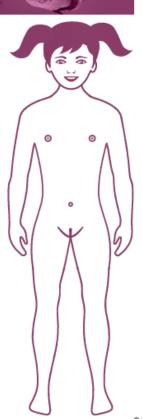
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Year 1: Amazing bodies Lesson 2

Matching body parts (naked)



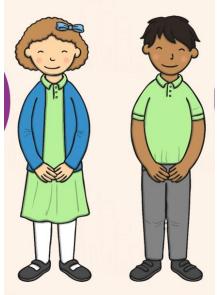
Arm Leg Head Foot Hand Eyes Ears Nose **Bottom** Penis **Testicles** Vulva Vagina



Discovery E

Year 2 – Our Bodies

Lesson 1



Girls and Boys

The differences between girls' and boys' bodies are hidden under our underwear.

You probably have a name for boys' and girls' private parts, but toda we are going to use the scientific words – the words a doctor would u



Boys' Bodies



- Boys have a body part called a penis.
- People have other names they use for this part of the body, but the scientific word is penis.
- Behind the penis are the testicles.
- These body parts are only on males – that's boys and men.

Girls' Bodies





- Females that's girls and women – don't have a penis or testicles.
- Girls have a vulva on the outside and a vagina, which is inside.
- People have other names for these too, but vulva and vagina are the scientific words.

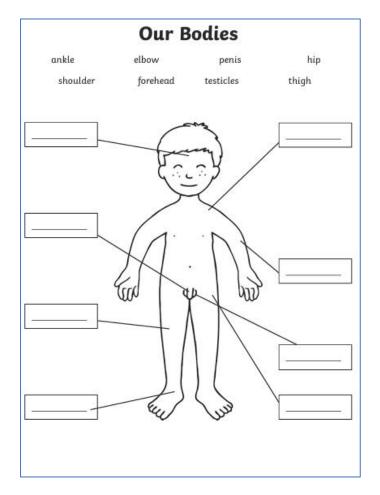
Use the scientific names for parts of the body.

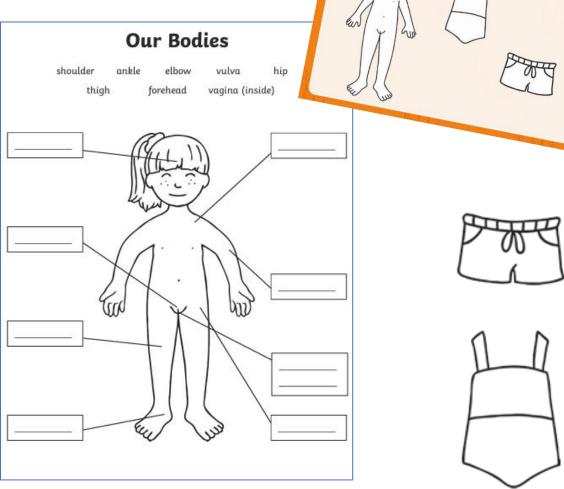
Name the differences between girls' and boys' bodies.

Recognizing that some things are private and the importance of respecting privacy

That parts of their body covered by underwear are private

Year 2 – Our Bodies Lesson 1





At the Pool

On the activity sheet, there is a boy and a girl who want to get ready to go swimming. Label the body parts by writing the correct words in the go swimming. Label the body parts by writing the correct words in the boxes. Then, design their swimming costumes so they are ready for a

Year 2 – Is it ok? Lesson 2

To recognise that some things are private and the importance of respecting privacy.

That parts of the body covered by underwear is private

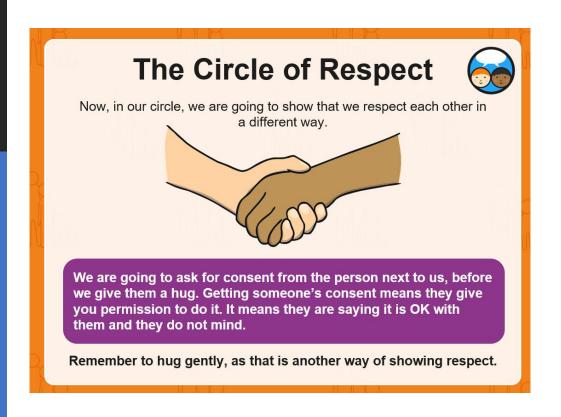


Understand what "no" and "stop" mean.

Know that people's bodies and feelings can be hurt.

Say who to tell if I am worried that the rules about respecting people's bodies have been broken.

Year 2 – Is it ok? Lesson 2





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Year 2 – Is it ok? Lesson 2



Teddy, is it OK if I squeeze you hard?

Teddy, is it OK if I kiss your nose?

Teddy, is it OK if I tickle you?



Is It Ok? Scenario Cards

A child and their family are going to see their aunt and uncle. Whenever they visit, their uncle tickles them. He thinks the child likes it but he is feel uncomfortable.

Is It Ok? Scenario Cards

A child pinches another child and it leaves a red mark. The child that did the pinching tells the other child to keep it a secret and to not tell anyone about it.



Year 3 – My Body, My Choice. Lesson 1

Children sort words into acceptable/unacceptable slang words.

Have line in centre of classroom, children stand up; above line acceptable (this needs to be discussed) e.g.; balls, nuts, and correct words, testicles. Unacceptable, e.g. bollocks below line.

Discuss: Why it is important to use and understand correct words for body parts and functions, e.g. everyone knows what talking about, no confusion or upset, helps understanding, can get advice, tell doctor.

Discuss: What happens and the effect or impact of using wrong or slang words, e.g. offence, hurt if directed at someone, get told off, being rude, insulting, confusion.

Acknowledge different words used in different situations, talking to granny, at school, in playground, in pop songs, in poems etc.

Use the scientific names for parts of the body.

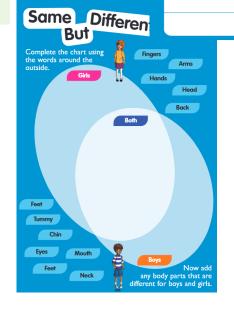
Name the differences between girls' and boys' bodies.

Understand why it is important to use the correct names for private parts.

Understand the sort of touch I am happy with and what sort I am not happy with.

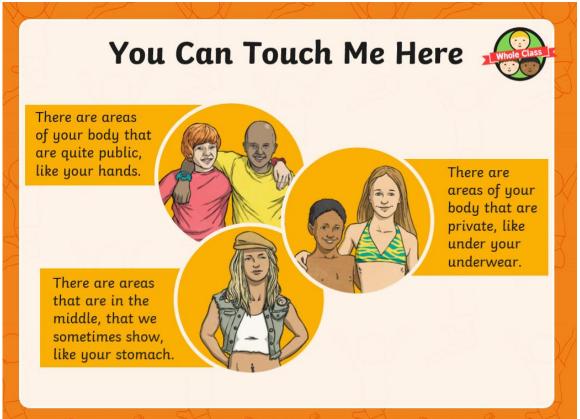


knee	shoulder
neck	head
feet	vagina
finger	arm
ankle	testicles
hand	thumb
penis	stomach
mouth	eyes

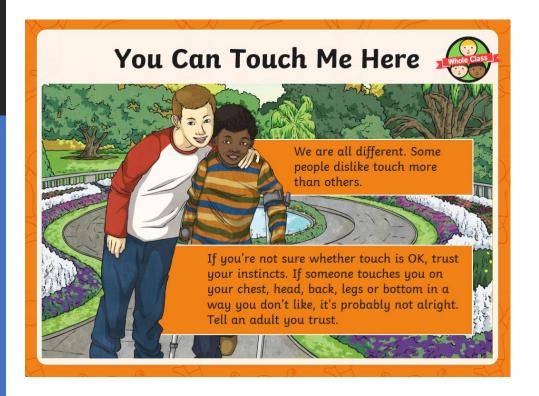


Year 3 – My Body, My Choice. Lesson 1





Year 3 – My Body, My Choice. Lesson 1



You Can Touch Me Here

Colour the outline of the person to show where you are happy to be touched.

Green

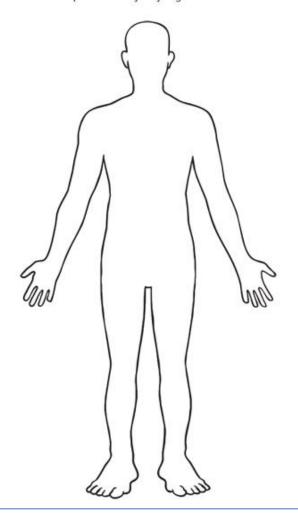
- for areas you are happy for anyone to touch.

Orange

- for areas only those closest to you can touch (best friends and close family members).

Red

- for areas that are private and just for you to touch.



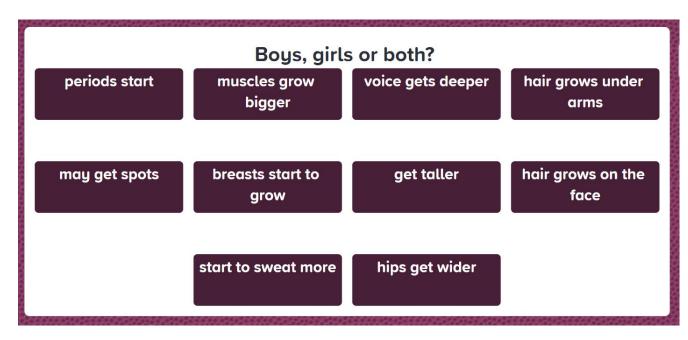
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Year 3 –Lesson 2

Coping with change

What is puberty?



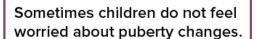


- the changes that happen to our bodies naturally during puberty
- the different changes that happen to boys and girls during puberty
- where to get help and advice about our bodies and how they change and develop if we need it.

Year 3 –Lesson 2

Coping with change

Puberty: true or false?



Everybody goes through puberty changes.

There is never anyone you can speak to if you have questions or feel worried about puberty.

Puberty changes happen very slowly, not overnight.

Puberty changes aren't painful.

You can speak to someone you trust about puberty.

Puberty usually starts for girls at the age of 15.

Puberty usually starts for boys at the age of 10.

Puberty is caused by chemicals in our bodies called hormones.

Puberty changes are normal and happen to everybody.

Puberty is the beginning of children's bodies changing into adult bodies.

Puberty changes all happen at the same time.

Y4 – Lesson 1 / 2

Puberty – Changes to boys

Taught to both boys and girls separately.

Aim

• I can describe how boys' bodies will change as they go through puberty.

Success Criteria

- I can name the differences between a boy's body and a man's body.
- I understand what the word puberty means.
- I can explain why boys' bodies change.

is resource is fully in line with the Learning Outcomes and Core Themes outlined in the PSHE Association's Programme of Stud



Y4 – Lesson 1

Puberty – Changes to boys

Taught to both boys and girls separately



Voice deeper
Penis and testicles grow
Body hair / facial hair / pubic hair
Erection
Stronger
Sweat
Greasy hair / spots

Changes in Boys





You may notice you are getting an Adam's apple – this is your voice box getting larger, which makes your voice deeper.

Your testes (or testicles) will grow bigger and your penis grows longer and wider.

You will grow more hair on your body, such as under your arms, around your penis and on your chest.

You may notice your penis getting hard sometimes. This is called an erection. It's nothing to worry about and it doesn't last long.



Your body will grow bigger and stronger.



Changes in Boys



Your body will start to sweat more – and that means you get more smelly!

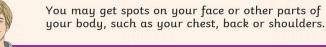
Washing more often is a good idea and you might want to start using a deodorant to keep you smelling fresh.



You may find your hair is more greasy.



You start to grow hair on your face.

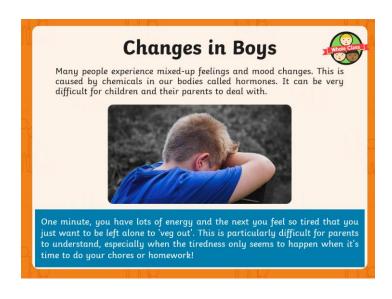


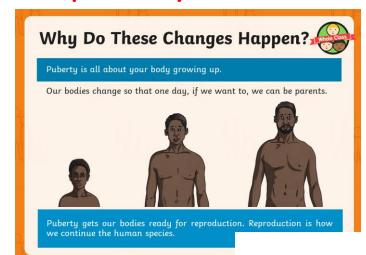
It's best to leave spots alone. Keep clean and maybe try treating acne with special spot cream.

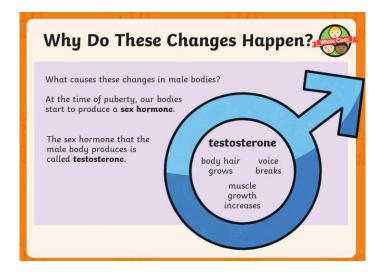
Y4 – Lesson 1

Puberty – Changes to boys

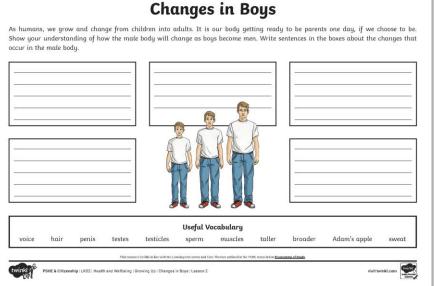
Taught to both boys and girls separately







Advice and Support



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Y4 – Lesson 1

Puberty – Changes to girls

Taught to both boys and girls separately

Aim

• I can describe how girls' bodies will change as they go through puberty.

Success Criteria

- I can name the differences between a girl's body and a woman's body.
- I understand what the word puberty means.
- I can explain why girls' bodies change.



This resource is fully in line with the Learning Outcomes and Core Themes outlined in the PSHE Association's Programme of Studi

Y4 – Lesson 1

Puberty – Changes to girl

Taught to both boys and girls separately

Changes in Girls

The growing your body does when you are a teenager, from a girl into a woman, is called **puberty**. So, let's take a look at the changes you can expect to see as you become a teenager...



Female Bodies and Puberty

Girls' bodies start changing from around the age of nine but it can be earlier or later than that.

The changes don't all come at once, they happen over a few years.

It's good to know about the changes that are going to happen before they happen. That way you won't get any surprises or shocks!

way you won't get s or shocks!

Start periods . Menstruation Breasts grow Body shape changes Body hair – inc pubic hair Sweaty Greasy hair / spots



Changes in Girls





Your body starts to sweat more and your hair may become more greasy.

Washing more often is a good idea and you might want to start using a deodorant to keep you smelling fresh.

You may get spots on your face or other parts of your body, such as your chest, back or shoulders.

This is called acne. Never pick spots. Keep the area clean and maybe try some special treatment for acne.

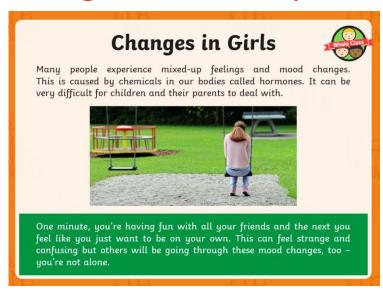


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Y4 – Lesson 1

Puberty – Changes to girl

Taught to both boys and girls separately







Advice and Support

Year 4: Puberty and hygiene

Lesson 2 – girls only

Coping with change

Understanding periods



what periods are and why females have them.

What is happening inside?

What is happening outside?

How does a period feel?

How long does a period last for?

How can I keep clean and hygienic?

Will it change my life?

Periods myth or reality?
Teacher response sheet

It hurts when you have a period.

Myth: some girls get stomach cramps or sore breasts, but others don't. People's experiences are different. If someone does get pain with their period, they can ease it in different ways.

There is always someone to talk to about periods if you need to.

Reality: everyone experiences puberty changes and there is always someone who will be willing to talk and answer questions.

Boys do not have periods.

Reality: only the female body can have periods as only females are born with the body parts inside that allow for periods to happen.

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Year 4: Puberty and hygiene Lesson 2

Coping with change

Understanding periods













Year 4: Puberty and hygiene Lesson 3 — all

Coping with change

Keeping clean as we grow and change



Essential, useful or luxury?

Essential: Something you need to use and will use daily or often

Useful: Something that is good to have and you may use occasionally

Luxury: A treat, something you might want to use for special occasions

Hygiene lucky dip!

Choose something from the bag and answer the following questions:

- What is the product and what is it used for?
- How often would someone need to use it?
- Is it an essential, useful or luxury item?
- Why do you think this?

- the importance of bodily hygiene as we get older
- ways to keep ourselves clean as we get older
- the products we need to be hygienic and how to maintain a regular cleaning routine.



Year 5: Puberty and emotions Lesson 1

Coping with change

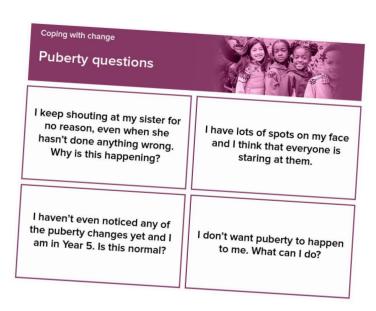
Puberty



- the physical and emotional changes that take place during puberty
- ways to manage these changes.

Puberty changes

periods	pubic hair	wet dream
facial hair	body odour	hips widening
emotions	puberty	deeper voice
hormones	sperm	breasts



•				
•	another word is menstruation	caused by stale sweat on body or clothes	happens so the body can carry a baby more easily if and when a woman gets pregnant	
	an egg leaves a girl's body through the vagina with some blood	use deodorant and wash your body every day	starts in boys and girls between the ages of 7 and 14	
	use sanitary pads to stay clean	grows under the arms and between the legs	it has happened to all grown-ups	
	happens when a boy is asleep	hair grows to collect sweat	you feel one thing one minute and something else the next	
	when sperm leaves the body through the tip of the penis	some people might choose to shave this hair when they are older	mood swings	
	stored in the testicles	body changes to give space to grow a baby	it can help to talk about feelings as they change	
	chemicals in the body that cause puberty to start	also cause hair to get greasier and spots to form	get bigger on girls	

Puberty changes

periods	pubic hair	wet dream
facial hair	body odour	hips widening
emotions	puberty	deeper voice
hormones	sperm	breasts

Year 5: Puberty and emotions Lesson 1

- What would you say to advise this person?
- From whom or where could they get more help or information?
- Is this a common concern or question a young person might have?

Coping with change

Puberty questions



I keep shouting at my sister for no reason, even when she hasn't done anything wrong. Why is this happening?

I have lots of spots on my face and I think that everyone is staring at them.

I haven't even noticed any of the puberty changes yet and I am in Year 5. Is this normal?

I don't want puberty to happen to me. What can I do?

What should I do if my period starts when I'm at school?

Am I going to grow a beard?

I am the shortest person in my year group and I feel so small next to everyone else! This morning I woke up and my bed sheets were slightly wet but I hadn't wet the bed. Is this normal? • • • • • • • • •

Year 5: Puberty and emotions

Lesson 1 – girls only extension / recap from Y4









Elise organises a video call with a group of girls to find out more about their experiences of starting their periods, and to get their top tips.



Year 5: Puberty and emotions Lesson 2

Which emotions might someone experience during puberty?

How might they express these emotions?

Coping with change

Puberty and emotions









Mood swings: coping strategies



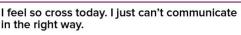


- Do boys and girls experience mood swings?
- Is it only girls who will cry during this time?
- Do these emotional changes happen to everyone?
- Do we all experience these emotional changes at the same time?
- What would you do if one of your friends was difficult to be around because they often

had mood swings?

Coping with change

Puberty scenarios



What advice would you give to this person? How could you make them feel better? Why might they be feeling this way? Are they on their own in feeling this way?



I just don't' feel like I fit in with my friends anymore.

What advice would you give to this person? How could you make them feel better? Why might they be feeling this way? Are they on their own in feeling this way?



- emotional changes that people experience at puberty
- the range of emotions and feelings that we may experience
- ways to recognise and manage these emotions.

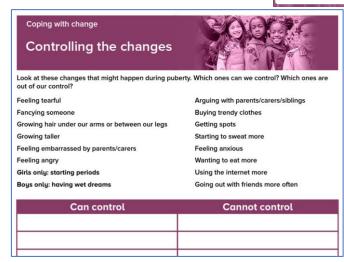
Year 5: Puberty and emotions Lesson 3

Coping with change

Emotional changes: managing well







- that during puberty there are changes we cannot control, but we can learn ways to manage these changes
- about techniques to cope with our emotions during puberty
- how to support one another when things feel difficult or challenging.

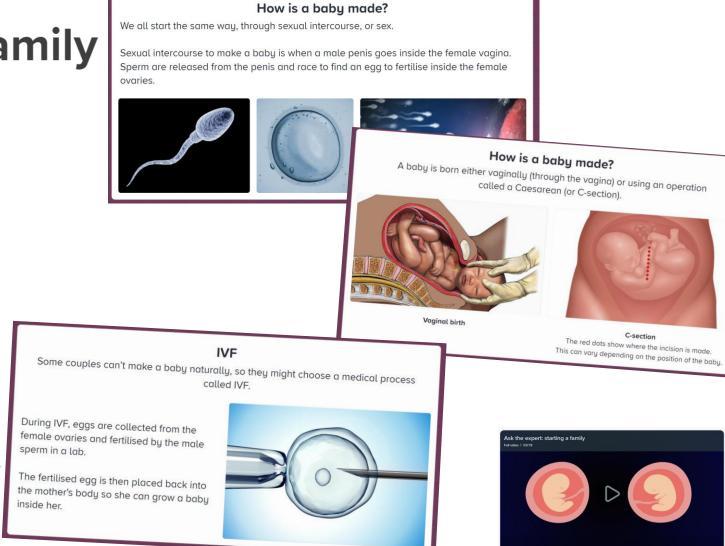
Year 6: Starting a family Lesson 1

Families and committed relationships

Starting a family



• human reproduction - how babies are made.



Ask the expert: starting a family

Resident expert Rebecca helps Archie and Elise answer some tricky questions about how babies are...

The red dots show where the incision is made.

Year 6: Starting a family Lesson 2

Families and committed relationships

The impact of having a baby



- why deciding to start a family is such a big and important decision
- how life-changing starting a family can be
- the costs associated with a new baby.

• love
• the most expensive pushchair
• designer trainers
• to be kept clean
• food
• nappies

• cuddles and kisses
• selfies
• a cot
• books
• music
• pierced ears



Families and committed relationships

Budget for a baby

Work out the cost for each of the items, then add in anything else you think a baby will need in the first 12

onths of their life.			Total
Item	Cost	How many?	Total
Car seat			
Pushchair			
Nappies			
Baby grows			
Changing mat			

Year 6: Starting a family Lesson 3

Families and committed relationships

When is it right?



- the importance of being ready to start a family in the future
- legal age restrictions, and why these are in place.

How old do you need to be?

How old does **the law** say you need to be to do these things in the UK?

- · get married or have a civil partnership?
- · open a bank account?
- · work part-time?
- buy a lottery ticket?
- · buy alcohol in a shop?
- buy acconor in a snop?buy cigarettes or vapes?
- drive a car?
- · buy fireworks?
- vote
- · be taught about healthy relationships?
- have sex?

How old do you need to be?

Why do you think age limits apply and why do you think they are important?

What do you think might happen if someone was to ignore these age limits?

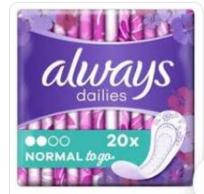
Are there any laws that don't exist that you think should be in place? Why?

Remember: the decision to start a family is a big one, and having a baby is a very big commitment. Both people in a relationship should be ready and able to make that choice at a time that is right for them.

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Year 6 Lesson 4— girls only extension / recap from Y4/5









Elise organises a video call with a group of girls to find out more about their experiences of starting their periods, and to get their top tips.



		SEX EDUCATION	ON – PROGRESSION O	F VOCABULARY		
Year Group	1	2	3	4	5	6
New Vocabulary	safe touch	male	puberty	menstruation	wet dream	sexual
Introduced in each	unwanted touch	female	hormones	eggs,	emotions	intercourse, sex,
year group.	uncomfortable	genitals	breasts	sanitary pads		fertilise
	comfortable		periods	tampons		conception
Each year group	permission	respect		ovaries		foetus
will recap previous		consent		fallopian tubes		pregnant,
year group's vocabulary	private			womb		IVF
vocabulary	bottom			uterus		adoption,
	penis					caesarean section
	testicles			body hair		
	vulva			facial hair		commitment
	vagina			pubic hair		responsibility
	similar			erection		legal, age
	different					restriction,
				sex hormones		age of consent
				testosterone		safe
				oestrogen		
				hygiene		
				sweat		
				greasy hair / spots		
				, , ,		

Any questions?

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School website: www.holmerlake.co.uk

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Relationships and Health

Relationships and Health Curriculum

Sex Education Curriculum End Points

